



WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.A. General PART-II Examinations, 2016

ENGLISH-GENERAL PAPER-ENGG-II NEW AND OLD SYLLABUS

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 100

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.

New Syllabus

1. Answer any one question from the following within 500 words each:

 $15 \times 1 = 15$

- (a) David Copperfield is a Bildungsroman, which indicates a development and some kind of learning. Illustrate with reference from the text,
- (b) Write a note on the minor characters in the novel David Copperfield,
- 2. Answer any *one* question from the following within 500 words each:

 $15 \times 1 = 15$

- (a) Discuss "The Fly" as a short story.
- (b) Bring out the significance of the title in "The Lotus Eater".
- (c) How far "The Ox" by H.E. Bates can be regarded as an ideal short story?
- (d) Bring out the significance of the title "The Prussian Officer".
- Explain any *two* questions from the following, within 200 words each, with $5 \times 2 = 10$
 - (a) "Perhaps he died of the beauty of that sight".
 - (b) "Money is money; death is death; the livings are the living; the livings were the future".

- (c) "He died in the hospital at night' without having seen again".
- (d) "He wanted, he intended, he arranged to weep".
- 4. Answer any *one* question from the following within 400 words each:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- (a) Comment on Bacon's style in his essay Of Travel.
- (b) Bring out the romantic elements in Charles Lamb's *Dream Children: A Reverie*.
- (c) Show how the elephant shooting episode brings out the hollowness of colonialism in "Shooting an Elephant".
- (d) How does Addison use comic and humorous elements in *The Spectator Papers*?
- 5. Explain any two questions from the following, within 200 words each, with $5\times2=10$ reference to the context:
 - (a) "Travel, in the younger sort, is a part of education, in the elder a part of experience".
 - (b) "Such a distance there is betwixt life and death..."
- (c) "I have often considered these poor souls, with an eye of great commiseration, when I have heard them asking the first man they have met with, whether there was any news stirring".
 - (d) "I perceived in this moment that when the white man turns tyrant it is his own freedom he destroys".
- 6. Write short notes on any *five* from the following within 100 words each: $2\times 5 = 10$ Omniscient narrator, bildungsromen, historical novel, plot, setting, theme, irony, point of view.
- 7. Read the following passage and answer any *three* questions that follow: 5×3 = 15

 All Great thinkers live and move on a high plane of thought. It is only there they can breathe freely. It is only in contact with spirits like themselves they can live harmoniously and attain that serenity which comes from ideal companionship. The studies of all great thinkers must range along the highest altitudes of human thought. I cannot remember the name of any

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illuminative genius who did not drink his inspiration from fountains of ancient Greek and Hebrew writers; or such among the moderns as were pupils in ancient thought, and, in turn became masters in their own. I have always thought that the strongest argument in favour of the Baconian theory was, no man however indubitable his genius, could have written the plays and sonnets that have come down to us under Shakespeare's name who had not the liberal education of Bacon. How this habit of intercourse with the gods makes one impatient of mere men. The magnificent ideals that have ever haunted the human mind, and given us our highest proofs of a future immortality by reason of the impossibility of their fulfillment here, are splintered into atoms in contact with life's realities. Hence comes our sublime discontent. You will notice that our first sensation after reading a great book is one of melancholy and dissatisfaction. The ideas, sentiments, expressions are so far beyond those of ordinary working life that you cannot turn aside from one to the other without an acute sensation and consciousness of the contrast. And the principles are so lofty, so superhuman that it is a positive pain, if once you become imbued with them, to come down and mix in the squalid surroundings of ordinary humanity. It may be spiritual or intellectual pride that is engendered on the high plane of intellectual life. But whatever it is, it becomes inevitable.

- (i) On what planes most great thinkers live and move?
- (ii) Is a liberal education necessary to produce great literature?
 - (iii) Why does the reading of a book make one melancholic and disappointed?
 - (iv) What according to the author 'becomes inevitable'?
- 8. Write a short original story in about 500 words beginning with the following words:

"It was late at midnight....."

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Old Syllabus

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 $2 \times 6 = 12$

- (a) What are the pleasures and problems of elderly people on the seabeach?
- (b) What did the Burmans do when the elephant was killed?
- (c) How did Grandmother Field die? How do we know that she was popular?
- (d) What does Benson mean by "the essence of the essay" is in the "Soliloquy"?
- (e) What was the feeling of Mrs. Thurlow when her boys declined to go back home?
- (f) What did the Boss feel when the fly died?
- (g) How did the boy behave in class after he set his mind on visiting Araby?
- (h) What did Wilson say about leisure and work?
- 2. Answer any *one* question from the following:

 $16 \times 1 = 16$

- (a) "Orwell's *Shooting an Elephant* is not only the narration of a hunting expedition but something more". Illustrate with reference to the text.
 - (b) Trace, after Benson, the origin of the essay and describe the various forms it has assumed in the hands of the English writers of essays.
 - (c) Bring out the autobiographical elements in Lamb's Dream Children: A Réverie.
 - (d) Comment on Lynd's Seaside as a reflective essay.
- 3. Answer any *one* question from the following:

 $16 \times 1 = 16$

- (a) Katherine Mansfield's short story *The Fly* is interesting for its deep psychological interest- Discuss.
- (b) Araby is a story of both expectation and frustration. Elucidate.
- (c) Justify the title of the story The Ox.
- (d) Comment on the character of Wilson as portrayed in *The Lotus Eater*.

4. Answer any *one* question from the following:

 $16 \times 1 = 16$

- (a) Discuss the plot construction of *The Mayor of Casterbridge*.
- (b) Write a brief essay on Hardy's presentation of Henchard and Farfrae in the novel, *The Mayor of Casterbridge*.
- (c) Comment on Dickens' portrayal of contemporary society in the novel, Oliver Twist.
- (d) Comment on the women characters of the novel, Oliver Twist.
- 5. Explain with reference to the context:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

(i) (a) "Her image accompanied me even in places the most hostile to romance".

Or

(b) "But such a grinding feeling of Wretchedness seized him that he felt positively frightened".

Or

- (c) "She was a beast of burden".
- (ii) (a) "Feelings like these are the normal by-products of imperialism, ask any Anglo-Indian official, if you can catch him off duty".

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(b) "The soul of the first Alice looked out at her eyes".

Or

- (c) "The essayist is therefore to a certain extent bound to be a spectator of life".
- 6. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

 $5 \times 4 = 20$

Education means unfolding the personality of man and woman. It broadens his emotions and rids him of his prejudices and narrow loyalties. A sound system of education emphasises the importance of the harmonious

Turn Over

growth of all the faculties of a student. Every student, whether he studies Arts or Science must acquire what is called liberal education liberalises the mind, widens the outlook and creates an interest in things of human interest. Real education means that a student must think independently about all things and must take an intelligent interest in the entire environment.

In the modern age, there is a craze for scientific knowledge. The knowledge of science and engineering provides scope to employments and so students are attracted to them. As a result scientists, economists, technologists, engineers and doctors are in great demand. But humanities promote the values of life, a cultural outlook without which knowledge of different subjects becomes meaningless. There is an incompleteness in the educational equipment of a student if his mind is stored with knowledge and information of a few subjects and if he has developed only his skill and abilities. Liberal education means complete education which includes Science and Humanities and which aims at the promotion of skills and cultural values. With this education, a man can be a good citizen. He can utilise his knowledge for creative and noble purposes of life. He acquires a broad vision of life and cherishes the values of life. The modern erosion of values among students may be attributed to the loss of interest in literature, philosophy and religion.

- (i) What does education mean?
- (ii) What is real education?
- (iii) Why is there a craze for scientific knowledge in the modern age?
- (iv) What is liberal education?